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# **CD8a** mouse specific

Cat.No. HS-361 003; Polyclonal rabbit antibody, 200 µl specific antibody (lyophilized)

## **Data Sheet**

Reconstitution/ 200 µl specific antibody, lyophilized. Affinity purified with the immunogen. Azide Storage was added before lyophilization. For **reconstitution** add 200 µl H<sub>2</sub>O. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet. Concentration 0.2 ma/ml **Applications WB**: 1: 1000 (AP staining) IP: not tested yet ICC: not tested yet **IHC**: 1: 100 (see remarks) **IHC-P**: 1: 100 IHC-Fr: 1: 100 (see remarks) Synthetic peptide corresponding to AA 230 to 247 from mouse CD8a (UniProt Id: Immunogen P01731) Reactivity Reacts with: mouse (P01731). Weaker signal: rat. No signal: human. Other species not tested yet. **IHC**: Antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 is required. Remarks IHC-Fr: Methanol fixation is recommended.

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

#### Background

CD 8 is a heterodimeric T-cell surface glycoprotein that consists of a **CD 8a** (alpha) and beta chain. It identifies cytotoxic/suppressor T-cells that interact with MHC class I bearing targets. CD 8 is thought to play a role in the process of T-cell mediated killing. CD 8 alpha chains binds to class I MHC molecules alpha-3 domains.

#### Selected References for HS-361 003

Common germline variants of the human APOE gene modulate melanoma progression and survival.

Ostendorf BN. Bilanovic J. Adaku N. Tafreshian KN. Tavora B. Vaughan RD. Tavazoie SF

Nature medicine (2020):.. IHC; tested species: mouse

Immunosuppressive Myeloid Cells' Blockade in the Glioma Microenvironment Enhances the Efficacy of Immune-Stimulatory Gene Therapy.

Kamran N, Kadiyala P, Saxena M, Candolfi M, Li Y, Moreno-Ayala MA, Raja N, Shah D, Lowenstein PR, Castro MG Molecular therapy: the journal of the American Society of Gene Therapy (2017) 251: 232-248. . IHC-P

Nanostructured lipid carriers based mRNA vaccine leads to a T cell-inflamed tumour microenvironment favourable for improving PD-1/PD-L1 blocking therapy and long-term immunity in a cold tumour model.

Fournier C, Mercey-Ressejac M, Derangère V, Al Kadi A, Rageot D, Charrat C, Leroy A, Vollaire J, Josserand V, Escudé M, Escaich S. et al.

EBioMedicine (2025) 112: 105543. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

CDK4/6 inhibitors synergize with radiotherapy to prime the tumor microenvironment and enhance the antitumor effect of anti-PD-L1 immunotherapy in triple-negative breast cancer.

Yang WC, Wei MF, Shen YC, Huang CS, Kuo SH

Journal of biomedical science (2025) 321: 79. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

Genetically Engineered and Implantable Mouse Brain Tumor Models: Characterization by Immunohistochemistry and Flow Cytometry.

Mirji A, Singh G, Mujeeb AA, McClellan BL, Li Y, Perez M, Castro MG Current protocols (2025) 51: e70080. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

Cancer cell-derived IL-1 $\beta$  reverses chemo-immunotherapy resistance in non-small cell lung cancer.

Perrichet A, Lecuelle J, Limagne E, Thiefin M, Bellio H, Jacob P, Aucagne R, Aznague A, Russo P, Gaucher F, Roussot N, et al. Nature communications (2025) 161: 10244. IHC-P; tested species: mouse

MS-20 enhances the gut microbiota-associated antitumor effects of anti-PD1 antibody.

Lee PJ, Hung CM, Yang AJ, Hou CY, Chou HW, Chang YC, Chu WC, Huang WY, Kuo WC, Yang CC, Lin KI, et al.

Gut microbes (2024) 161: 2380061. . IHC; tested species: mouse

Glutaminase inhibition impairs CD8 T cell activation in STK11-/Lkb1-deficient lung cancer.

Best SA, Gubser PM, Sethumadhavan S, Kersbergen A, Negrón Abril YL, Goldford J, Sellers K, Abeysekera W, Garnham AL, McDonald JA, Weeden CE, et al.

Cell metabolism (2022):.. IHC-P; tested species: mouse

WEE1 inhibition enhances the antitumor immune response to PD-L1 blockade by the concomitant activation of STING and STAT1 pathways in SCLC.

Taniguchi H, Caeser R, Chavan SS, Zhan YA, Chow A, Manoj P, Uddin F, Kitai H, Qu R, Hayatt O, Shah NS, et al.

Cell reports (2022) 397: 110814. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

Genomic control of inflammation in experimental atopic dermatitis.

Liu Y, Zienkiewicz J, Qiao H, Gibson-Corley KN, Boyd KL, Veach RA, Hawiger J

Scientific reports (2022) 121: 18891. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

MEK inhibition overcomes chemoimmunotherapy resistance by inducing CXCL10 in cancer cells.

Limagne E, Nuttin L, Thibaudin M, Jacquin E, Aucagne R, Bon M, Revy S, Barnestein R, Ballot E, Truntzer C, Derangère V, et al. Cancer cell (2022) 402: 136-152.e12. . IHC-P; tested species: mouse

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <a href="https://sysy-histosure.com/product/HS-361003">https://sysy-histosure.com/product/HS-361003</a> or scan the OR-code.



# FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

### **Shipping Conditions**

 All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

#### Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!
   Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

# Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle
  between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be
  avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that
  has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door
  shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl)
  and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock
  concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the
  storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of
  activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

# **Product Specific Hints for Storage**

#### Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

#### **Monoclonal Antibodies**

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

#### **Polyclonal Antibodies**

- Crude antisera: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is
  recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our
  antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed
  information.

#### Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

# Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

# FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

#### Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add
  the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are
  preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a
  stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies
  already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein.
   For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the
  solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled
  with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol to a final
  concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in
  liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our tips and hints for subsequent storage of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.