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Antibody Sampler Kit for Neuronal Compartments (cat. no. 802-ASK) Synaptophysin1 (p38-1)

Cat.No. 101 011; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 10 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	10 μg purified IgG , lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 10 μl H $_2O$ to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1: 10000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: 1: 500 up to 1: 1000 IHC: 1: 500 up to 1: 1000 IHC-P: 1: 500 up to 1: 1000 ExM: external data (see remarks) EM: external data (see remarks) ELISA: yes (see remarks)
Clone	7.2
Subtype	IgG1 (λ light chain)
Immunogen	Full-length recombinant rat Synaptophysin (UniProt Id: P07825)
Epitop	AA 219 to 307 from rat Synaptophysin1 (UniProt Id: P07825) corresponding to the cytoplasmic tail.
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (P08247), rat (P07825), mouse (Q62277), mammals. Weaker signal: zebrafish, other vertebrates. Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	K.O. validated PubMed: <u>31940485</u>
Remarks	Widely used as marker for nerve terminals and neuroendocrine tumors. For unknown reason, neuronal synaptophysin is better recognised than neuroendocrine synaptophysin. If this is a problem, the polyclonal rabbit antibody, cat. no. 101 002 or 101 203 are recommended. ExM: This antibody has been successfully applied and published for this method by customers (see application-specific references). EM: This antibody has been successfully applied and published for this method by customers (see application-specific references). ELISA: The ELISA-protocol for membrane proteins is required. Suitable as capture antibody for sandwich-ELISA. Please refer to the protocol for suitable detector antibodies.

Synaptophysin1, also referred to as **p38-1**, is a membrane glycoprotein of synaptic vesicles that is ubiquitously expressed in all neurons and in many endocrine cells. It is currently the most widely used marker for nerve terminals and probably the best marker for the pathologist in differentiating neuroendocrine tumors.

Synaptophysin1 has four transmembrane domains with both N- and C-terminus facing the cytoplasm. It binds to synaptobrevin1 and synaptobrevin2 in detergent extracts but its function has not been elucidated completely. It forms a complex with dynamin at high Ca²⁺ concentration suggesting an involvement in synaptic vesicle endocytosis. As typical for synaptic vesicle proteins, synaptophysin1 represents a small protein family with two additional members, synaptoporin (synaptophysin2) and panthophysin. Like synaptophysin1, synaptoporin is widely expressed in neurons and colocalizes with synaptophysin1 on synaptic vesicles whereas panthophysin is

FCatnNoe 1420104: Polyclomet ciningar pigientibbidy n30 lebantisferum (lycophilizied) image in our SYSY Antibodies ATLAS.

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	30 μl antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 30 μl H ₂ O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB : 1: 1000 (AP staining) (see remarks) IP : yes ICC : 1: 500 up to 1: 1000 IHC : 1: 200 IHC -P: 1: 500
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to a central region of rat piccolo (UniProt Id: Q9JKS6)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (Q9JKS6), mouse (Q9QYX7). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	K.O. validated PubMed: 32122952
Remarks	WB : This antibody detects an additional band of ~65 kDa.

Background

Piccolo, also referred to as **Aczonin**, is a large protein which consists of an N-terminal Zn²⁺ finger, several piccolo-bassoon homology domains (PBH-domains) and C-terminal PDZ and C2 domains. In general it is found together with bassoon, a related huge multi-domain protein of the CAZ (cytoskeletal matrix assembled at active zones).

Piccolo is supposed to be a scaffolding protein for proteins involved in endo- and exocytosis of synaptic vesicles. Recently piccolo has been shown to interfere with clathrin mediated endocytosis by binding to the F-actin and dynamin binding protein Abp1.

For more information on protein expression pattern, please refer to the overview image in our SYSY Antibodies ATLAS.



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Antibody Sampler Kit for Neuronal Compartments (cat. no. 802-ASK)

Homer1b/c

Cat.No. 160 018; Recombinant rabbit antibody, 10 µg recombinant IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	10 μg purified recombinant IgG, lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 10 μl H ₂ O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1: 1000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: 1: 500 IHC: 1: 500 IHC-P: 1: 1000
Clone	Rb72G2
Subtype	IgG1 (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to the C-terminal half of human Homer1b. (UniProt Id: Q86YM7-1)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (Q86YM7-1), mouse (Q9Z2Y3), rat (Q9Z214). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for homer 1b and 1c; no cross-reactivity to homer 1a.
Remarks	This antibody is a chimeric antibody based on the monoclonal mouse antibody SY-72G2. The constant regions of the heavy and light chains have been replaced with rabbit specific sequences. The antibody can therefore be used with standard anti-rabbit secondary reagents. The antibody has been expressed in mammalian cells.

Background

Homer is a scaffolding protein localized in the postsynaptic density (PSD) and is highly enriched at excitatory synapses. It acts as a molecular adaptor by binding to metabotropic glutamate receptors (mGluRs) (1), TRPC1 channels, Shank family proteins (2), and several other signaling molecules, organizing them into distinct clusters and thereby establishing specific signaling domains within the PSD.

By cross-linking these proteins, Homer plays a crucial role in structural and functional organization of the PSD, contributing to the maturation of dendritic spines and the regulation of synaptic plasticity. Homer and Shank, in particular, form a mesh-like matrix that serves as a platform for

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For more information on protein expression pattern, please refer to the overview image in our SYSY Simtibodia: Althu 6. dynamics are central to cell division, migration, and morphology, aberrations in Paralle we appression have been implicated in several types of cancer.

immunoreactivi vary according t higher-grade tu	MAMOnactorial mouseliaghibidity 20 pappurified (40 (lyaphilized) - oncology. MAP2 ty helps distinguish glial neoplasms in neuropathology, and its expression tends to to tumor grade (3). While classic low-grade gliomas often show robust MAP2 staining, mors may exhibit less-specifical days of the felorogeneous patterns. Moreover, in uced MAP2 expression correlates with increased tumor aggressiveness, underscoring
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Applications	WB: 1: 1000 (AP staining) (see remarks) IP: not tested yet ICC: 1: 200 up to 1: 1000 (see remarks) IHC: 1: 200 up to 1: 500 IHC-P: 1: 500 up to 1: 2000 IHC-Fr: 1: 500 (see remarks) DNA-PAINT: external data (see remarks)
Clone	198A5
Subtype	IgG1 (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to residues near the amino terminus of human Map2 (UniProt Id: P11137-4)
Epitop	AA 82 to 96 from human MAP2-4 hu (UniProt Id: P11137-4)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (P11137), rat (P15146), mouse (P20357). No signal: zebrafish. Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for MAP2; recognizes all four isoforms.
Matching control	188-0P
Remarks	WB: Due to the large size of this protein, we recommend NuPAGE 3-8% Tris-Acetate gels for SDS-PAGE. ICC: The following fixatives are possible: 4% formaldehyde/PFA, methanol. IHC-Fr: Acetone fixation is recommended. DNA-PAINT: This antibody has been successfully applied and published for this method by customers (see application-specific references).

Background



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Antibody Sampler Kit for Neuronal Compartments (cat. no. 802-ASK)

NeuN

Cat.No. 266 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 30 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	30 μl antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 30 μl H ₂ O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: not tested yet IP: not tested yet ICC: 1:500 IHC: 1:100 up to 1:500 IHC-P: 1:200 up to 1:1000 IHC-Fr: yes ExM: external data
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 97 from mouse NeuN (UniProt Id: Q8BIF2)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (D4A2H6), mouse (Q8BIF2), human (A6NFN3). Other species not tested yet.

Background

NeuN (**Neu**ronal **N**uclei) is a neuron-specific nuclear protein that has been identified as Fox-3/Rbfox3, a member of the Fox-1 family of transcription factors.

NeuN is only expressed in the nuclei of differentiated neurons. In some neurons - Purkinje cells, sympathetic ganglion cells, INL retinal cells, Cajal-Retzius cells, inferior olivary, and dentate nucleus neurons - NeuN is not detectable.

For more information on protein expression pattern, please refer to the overview image in our SYSY Antibodies ATLAS.

There are two major classes of heat-stable microtubule-associated proteins (MAPs): MAP2 and Tau (MAPT).

Tau is expressed in several isoforms in human brain (Tau-A, 2N4R/Tau-F, 1N4R/Tau-E, 0N4R/Tau-D, 2N3R/Tau-C, 1N3R/Tau-B, 0N3R) and rodents (Tau-A, 2N4R/Tau-F, 1N4R/Tau-E, 0N4R/Tau-D) (1). Tau helps to stabilize axonal microtubules and modulate axonal transport, with isoform diversity and phosphorylation status determining their dynamics and affinity for microtubules. Tauopathies, often associated with abnormal phosphorylation (2, 3), can be classified according to the Tau isoforms present in the pathological inclusions. For instance, Pick's disease (PiD) is characterized by tangles containing 3R-Tau isoforms (0N3R, 1N3R, and 2N3R), whereas 4R-Tau (0N4R, 1N4R, and 2N4R) accumulates in disorders like progressive supranuclear palsy (PSP) and corticobasal degeneration (PSP) and kinemer's disease (AD) aggregates consist of all Tau isoforms (1).

Tau is abundantly expressed in the central and peripheral nervous system. Compared to the CNS, the RCML No. 2814 BOB! Retrombinant RG in in each fig and it body, 30149, 24:44% binding and stability needed for long peripheral axons (1, 4).

Since microtubule dynamics are central **Datavish, ent**tion, and morphology, aberrations in Tau expression have been implicated in several types of cancer (5). Notably, Tau is increasingly recognized from its 30 being through recognishing and revisible recognized to the rapper in the rapper with all plates many (SBM) making Taylamn sertial Pior actorisencution and the Farget (6 Get a 1 mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet. **WB**: 1: 1000 (AP staining) Applications IP: not tested yet ICC: 1:500 IHC: 1:500 IHC-P: 1:5000 Clone Gp248E5 Subtype IgG2 (k light chain) Immunogen Recombinant protein corresponding to the N-terminal half of mouse Tau-D (UniProt Id: P10637-5) Reactivity Reacts with: rat (P19332), mouse (P10637). Weaker signal: human (P10636). No signal: zebrafish. Other species not tested yet. Specificity This antibody binds phosphorylated and non-phosphorylated tau proteins. The sequence used for immunization is present in all splice variants except human TauA (UniProt Id: P10636-3) Matching 314-0P control Remarks This antibody is a chimeric antibody based on the monoclonal mouse antibody clone 248E5. The constant regions of the heavy and light chains have been replaced by guinea pig specific sequences. Therefore, the antibody can be used with standard anti-quinea pig secondary reagents. The antibody has been expressed in mammalian cells.

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Antibody Sampler Kit for Neuronal Compartments (cat. no. 802-ASK)

β-Actin

Cat.No. 251 011; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 20 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	$20~\mu g$ purified IgG, lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For $reconstitution$ add $20~\mu l~H_2O$ to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1: 1000 up to 1: 10000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: 1: 500 (see remarks) IHC: not tested yet IHC-P: not tested yet
Clone	130B4
Subtype	IgG1 (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to AA 2 to 16 from mouse β -Actin (UniProt Id: P60710)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (P60711), mouse (P60710), zebrafish, human (P60709), Drosophila melanogaster. Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	May cross-react to α- and γ-actin due to sequence homology.
Remarks	ICC: The following fixatives are possible: 4% formaldehyde/PFA, methanol.

Background

The two major cytoskeletal proteins involved in cell motility are myosin and **actin**. Monomeric actin is a globular protein that is expressed in all eukaryotic cells. Actin is the major subunit of microfilaments, a major component of the cytoskeleton, and of thin filaments, part of the contractile apparatus in muscle cells.

Actin is involved in many cellular processes including cell motility, maintenance of cell shape, and organelle trafficking.

Three main groups of actin have been identified. α -actins are found in muscle tissues whereas β - and γ -actins co-exist in most cell types as components of the cytoskeleton.