SYSY Antibodies

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TRIM46

Cat.No. 377 308; Recombinant Guinea pig antibody, 50 µg recombinant IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	50 µg purified recombinant IgG, lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For **reconstitution** add 50 µl H_2O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	**WB**: not tested yet **IP**: not tested yet **ICC**: 1 : 500 **IHC**: 1 : 1000 up to 1 : 2000 **IHC-P (FFPE)**: 1 : 1000
Clone	Gp264D12
Subtype	IgG2 (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein comprising a major part of the protein (UniProt Id: A0A0G2JXN2)
Epitop	AA 1 to 114 from rat Trim46 (UniProt Id: A0A0G2JXN2)
Reactivity	Reacts with: mouse (Q7TNM2), rat (A0A0G2JXN2). Other species not tested yet. Predicted to cross-react with human (Q7Z4K8) due to high sequence homology.
Specificity	K.O. validated
Remarks	This antibody is a chimeric antibody based on the monoclonal mouse antibody clone 264D12. The constant regions of the heavy and light chains have been replaced by Guinea pig specific sequences. Therefore, the antibody can be used with standard anti-Guinea pig secondary reagents. The antibody has been expressed in mammalian cells.

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

The **tri**partite **m**otif containing protein **TRIM46**, also referred to as **TRIFIC**, is a member of the C-I TRIM family, a subfamily of the RBCC (N-terminal RING finger/B-box/coiled coil)/TRIM superfamily. TRIM46 localizes to newly specified axons and, at later stages, to the axon initial segment (AIS). By forming closely spaced parallel microtubule bundles it plays a crucial role in the initial polarization of neuronal cells.

Selected References for 377 308

An evolutionarily conserved AnkyrinG-dependent motif clusters axonal K2P K+ channels.
Escobedo G, Wu Y, Ogawa Y, Ding X, Rasband MN
The Journal of cell biology (2024) 22310: . . **ICC; tested species: rat**

A hierarchy of PDZ domain scaffolding proteins clusters the Kv1 K+ channel protein complex at the axon initial segment.
Zhang W, Palfini VL, Wu Y, Ding X, Melton AJ, Gao Y, Ogawa Y, Rasband MN
Science advances (2025) 1121: eadv1281. . **ICC; tested species: rat**

Hide-and-Seek genome editing reveals that Gephyrin is required for axo-axonic synapse assembly.
Ogawa Y, Nguyen DVM, Ogawa A, Rasband MN
Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2025) 12232: e2500726122. . **ICC; tested species: rat**

Selected General References

TRIM46 Controls Neuronal Polarity and Axon Specification by Driving the Formation of Parallel Microtubule Arrays.
van Beuningen SF et al. Neuron (2015) PubMed:26671463

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at https://sysy.com/product/377308 or scan the QR-code.

FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

- All SYSY antibodies and control proteins/peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried). In this form, they remain stable without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at **4°C** before reconstitution. **Do not freeze lyophilized antibodies**. Temperatures below 0°C may impair performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long-term storage of lyophilized fluorophore-conjugates may cause aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be stored at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- **Do not use frost-free ("no-frost") freezers.** These units periodically warm to remove ice buildup, causing freeze–thaw cycles that can damage antibodies.
- Store vials in areas with minimal temperature fluctuation - preferably toward the back of the freezer, not on the door.
- Aliquot reconstituted antibodies and store at –20°C to –80°C.
- Avoid very small aliquots (<20 µL), as evaporation and adsorption to tube surfaces can reduce antibody concentration and activity.
- Use the smallest practical storage vial to minimize surface area.
- Adding glycerol to a final concentration of 50% prevents freezing at -20°C, allowing storage in liquid form and effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C

Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites and hybridoma supernatant:** Store at -20°C to -80°C
  Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended, as proteases present in ascites may degrade antibodies.
- **Purified IgG:** Store at -20°C to -80°C
  Adding a carrier protein (e.g., BSA) enhances long-term stability.
  Many SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** Can be stored at 4°C with antimicrobials added, but -20°C to -80°C is preferred
- **Affinity-purified antibodies:** Less stable than antisera; store at -20°C to -80°C
  Adding a carrier protein such as BSA improves long-term stability.
  Most SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C, and protect from light exposure

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All purified SYSY antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the volume of deionized water specified in the corresponding datasheet. If a larger final volume is desired, first add the recommended amount of water, then adjust with PBS and, if needed, add a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g., BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some SYSY antibodies already contain albumin; please take this into account before adding additional carrier protein.

For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the vial cap. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. To collect the liquid at the bottom of the vial, place the vial inside a 50 ml centrifuge tube padded with paper and centrifuge briefly.

- If desired, small amounts of azide or thimerosal may be added to prevent microbial growth. This is particularly recommended when storing an aliquot at 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add glycerol 1:1 (v/v) to achieve a final concentration of 50%. This prevents freezing at –20°C and keeps the antibody in liquid form, effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies as a general measure to prevent freeze–thaw damage.
- For further guidance, please refer to our **storage tips** and recommendations for reconstituted antibodies, control peptides, and control proteins.