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GABA-A receptor y2 extracellular

Cat.No. 224 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 100 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 μ l antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 100 μ l H ₂ O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: yes limited (see remarks) IP: yes ICC: 1:500 (see remarks) IHC: 1:500 up to 1:2000 (see remarks) IHC_P: not tested yet IHC_FR: 1:500 (see remarks)
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to AA 39 to 67 from mouse GABA-A receptor $\gamma 2$ (UniProt Id: P22723)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (P18507), rat (P18508), mouse (P22723). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for GABA-A receptor γ2. Does not discriminate between the L and S form.
Matching control	224-0P
Remarks	WB: The antibody is less sensitive in westernblotting compared to the rabbit antibody. GABA-A receptor gamma2 aggregates after boiling, making it necessary to run SDS-PAGE with non-boiled samples. ICC: This antibody is also suitable for the surface staining of living cells. After washing cells with bound antibodies, they can be fixed and visualized with secondary reagents. IHC: For best results use the protocol of Schneider Gasser et al., 2006. Heat-mediated antigen retrieval (in citrate buffer pH 6) is required for immunohistochemical staining. IHC_FR: PFA fixation is recommended.

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Gamma-aminobutyric acid type A (GABA-A) receptors mediate the majority of inhibitory neurotransmission in the brain. These receptor proteins are ligand gated chloride ion channels and consist of a pentameric combination of different subunits (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, epsilon and rho). The resulting heterogenous population of GABA-A receptor subtypes are expressed throughout the brain with specific cellular and subcellular expression patterns.

Selected References for 224 004

The kinesin KIF21B participates in the cell surface delivery of γ2 subunit-containing GABAA receptors.

Labonté D, Thies E, Kneussel M

European journal of cell biology () 938-9: 338-46. . IP, ICC

Distinct mechanisms drive sequential internalization and degradation of GABAARs during global ischemia and reperfusion injury.

Garcia JD, Wolfe SE, Stewart AR, Tiemeier E, Gookin SE, Guerrero MB, Quillinan N, Smith KR

iScience (2023) 2610: 108061.. ICC, UPTAKE; tested species: rat

Nanoscale Subsynaptic Domains Underlie the Organization of the Inhibitory Synapse.

Crosby KC, Gookin SE, Garcia JD, Hahm KM, Dell'Acqua ML, Smith KR Cell reports (2019) 2612: 3284-3297.e3. . ICC, IHC; tested species: rat

Estradiol modulates the efficacy of synaptic inhibition by decreasing the dwell time of GABAA receptors at inhibitory synapses. Mukherjee J, Cardarelli RA, Cantaut-Belarif Y, Deeb TZ, Srivastava DP, Tyagarajan SK, Pangalos MN, Triller A, Maguire J, Brandon NJ. Moss SJ. et al.

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2017) 11444: 11763-11768. . ICC, WB

Artesunate restores the levels of inhibitory synapse proteins and reduces amyloid- β and C-terminal fragments (CTFs) of the amyloid precursor protein in an AD-mouse model.

Kiss E, Kins S, Zöller Y, Schilling S, Gorgas K, Groß D, Schlicksupp A, Rosner R, Kirsch J, Kuhse J Molecular and cellular neurosciences (2021) 113: 103624. . WB, IHC; tested species: mouse

Artemisinin-treatment in pre-symptomatic APP-PS1 mice increases gephyrin phosphorylation at Ser270: a modification regulating postsynaptic GABAAR density.

Kiss E, Kins S, Gorgas K, Orlik M, Fischer C, Endres K, Schlicksupp A, Kirsch J, Kuhse J

Biological chemistry (2021):.. ICC, IHC; tested species: mouse,rat

Acute reorganization of postsynaptic GABAA receptors reveals the functional impact of molecular nanoarchitecture at inhibitory synapses.

Olah SS, Kareemo DJ, Buchta WC, Sinnen BL, Miller CN, Actor-Engel HS, Gookin SE, Winborn CS, Kleinjan MS, Crosby KC, Aoto J, et al.

Cell reports (2023) 4211: 113331.. ICC; tested species: rat

AMPA and GABAA receptor nanodomains assemble in the absence of synaptic neurotransmitter release.

Ramsay HJ, Gookin SE, Ramsey AM, Kareemo DJ, Crosby KC, Stich DG, Olah SS, Actor-Engel HS, Smith KR, Kennedy MJ

Frontiers in molecular neuroscience (2023) 16: 1232795. ICC; tested species: rat

Increased body weight in mice with fragile X messenger ribonucleoprotein 1 (Fmr1) gene mutation is associated with hypothalamic dysfunction.

Ruggiero-Ruff RE, Villa PA, Hijleh SA, Avalos B, DiPatrizio NV, Haga-Yamanaka S, Coss D

Scientific reports (2023) 131: 12666. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Nano-organization of spontaneous GABAergic transmission directs its autonomous function in neuronal signaling. Guzikowski NJ, Kavalali ET

Cell reports (2022) 406: 111172. . UPTAKE; tested species: rat

Phosphorylation of neuroligin-2 by PKA regulates its cell surface abundance and synaptic stabilization.

Halff EF, Hannan S, Kwanthongdee J, Lesept F, Smart TG, Kittler JT

Science signaling (2022) 15739: eabg2505. . ICC; tested species: rat

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at https://sysy.com/product/224004 or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

 All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!
 Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle
 between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be
 avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that
 has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door
 shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl)
 and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock
 concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the
 storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of
 activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- Crude antisera: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is
 recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our
 antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed
 information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add
 the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are
 preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a
 stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies
 already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein.
 For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the
 solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled
 with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol to a final
 concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in
 liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our tips and hints for subsequent storage of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.