

Munc18-1

Cat.No. 116 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 100 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µl antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 100 µl H ₂ O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1 : 1000 up to 1 : 5000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: 1 : 500 IHC: 1 : 500 IHC-P: 1 : 500
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide corresponding to AA 580 to 594 from rat Munc18-1 (UniProt Id: P61765)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (P61765), mouse. Other species not tested yet.
Matching control	116-0P

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Munc 18 is an abundant neuronal protein that tightly binds to the synaptic fusion protein syntaxin 1. It is highly homologous to the *C. elegans* unc-18 gene product, and weakly related to the yeast sec1, sly1, and slp1 genes.

There are three munc 18 isoforms in mammals. **Munc 18-1** or 18a, also referred to as **rb-sec1**, **n-sec1**, **stxbp1** and **p67**, is primarily expressed in neurons. **Munc 18-2** or 18b, also referred to as **stxbp2**, and Munc 18-3 or 18c are expressed ubiquitously.

Selected References for 116 004

Human Autoantibodies against the AMPA Receptor Subunit GluA2 Induce Receptor Reorganization and Memory Dysfunction. Haselmann H, Mannara F, Werner C, Planagumà J, Miguez-Cabello F, Schmidl L, Grünewald B, Petit-Pedrol M, Kirmse K, Classen J, Demir F, et al.

Neuron (2018) : . . . **ICC; tested species: mouse**

N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor dysfunction by unmutated human antibodies against the NR1 subunit. Wenke NK, Kreye J, Andrzejak E, van Casteren A, Leubner J, Murgueitio MS, Reincke SM, Secker C, Schmidl L, Geis C, Ackermann F, et al.

Annals of neurology (2019) 855: 771-776. . **ICC; tested species: mouse**

Selected General References

Molecular identification of two novel Munc-18 isoforms expressed in non-neuronal tissues.

Tellam JT et al. J. Biol. Chem. (1995) PubMed:7890715

Slp4-a/granuphilin-a interacts with syntaxin-2/3 in a Munc18-2-dependent manner.

Fukuda M et al. J. Biol. Chem. (2005) PubMed:16186111

Evidence of a role for Munc18-2 and microtubules in mast cell granule exocytosis.

Martin-Verdeaux S et al. J. Cell. Sci. (2003) PubMed:12482918

Munc18-2, a functional partner of syntaxin 3, controls apical membrane trafficking in epithelial cells.

Riento K et al. J. Biol. Chem. (2000) PubMed:10788461

A novel ubiquitous form of Munc-18 interacts with multiple syntaxins. Use of the yeast two-hybrid system to study interactions between proteins involved in membrane traffic.

Hata Y et al. J. Biol. Chem. (1995) PubMed:7768895

n-Sec1: a neural-specific syntaxin-binding protein.

Pevsner J et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. (1994) PubMed:8108429

A rat brain Sec1 homologue related to Rop and UNC18 interacts with syntaxin.

Garcia EP et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. (1994) PubMed:8134339

Synaptic vesicle fusion complex contains unc-18 homologue bound to syntaxin.

Hata Y et al. Nature (1993) PubMed:8247129

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <https://sysy.com/product/116004> or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

- All SYSY antibodies and control proteins/peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried). In this form, they remain stable without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at **4°C** before reconstitution. **Do not freeze lyophilized antibodies.** Temperatures below 0°C may impair performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long-term storage of lyophilized fluorophore-conjugates may cause aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be stored at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- **Do not use frost-free (“no-frost”) freezers.** These units periodically warm to remove ice buildup, causing freeze–thaw cycles that can damage antibodies.
- Store vials in areas with minimal temperature fluctuation - preferably toward the back of the freezer, not on the door.
- Aliquot reconstituted antibodies and store at -20°C to -80°C.
- Avoid very small aliquots (<20 µL), as evaporation and adsorption to tube surfaces can reduce antibody concentration and activity.
- Use the smallest practical storage vial to minimize surface area.
- Adding glycerol to a final concentration of 50% prevents freezing at -20°C, allowing storage in liquid form and effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C

Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites and hybridoma supernatant:** Store at -20°C to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended, as proteases present in ascites may degrade antibodies.
- **Purified IgG:** Store at -20°C to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein (e.g., BSA) enhances long-term stability. Many SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** Can be stored at 4°C with antimicrobials added, but -20°C to -80°C is preferred
- **Affinity-purified antibodies:** Less stable than antisera; store at -20°C to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein such as BSA improves long-term stability. Most SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C, and protect from light exposure

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All purified SYSY antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the volume of deionized water specified in the corresponding datasheet. If a larger final volume is desired, first add the recommended amount of water, then adjust with PBS and, if needed, add a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g., BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some SYSY antibodies already contain albumin; please take this into account before adding additional carrier protein.

For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the vial cap. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. To collect the liquid at the bottom of the vial, place the vial inside a 50 ml centrifuge tube padded with paper and centrifuge briefly.

- If desired, small amounts of azide or thimerosal may be added to prevent microbial growth. This is particularly recommended when storing an aliquot at 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add glycerol 1:1 (v/v) to achieve a final concentration of 50%. This prevents freezing at -20°C and keeps the antibody in liquid form, effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies as a general measure to prevent freeze–thaw damage.
- For further guidance, please refer to our **storage tips** and recommendations for reconstituted antibodies, control peptides, and control proteins.