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Syntaxin12/13

Cat.No. 110 133; Polyclonal rabbit antibody, 50 µg specific antibody (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	50 µg specific antibody, lyophilized. Affinity purified with the immunogen. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 50 µl H ₂ O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1 : 100 up to 1 : 1000 (AP staining) IP: not tested yet ICC: 1 : 100 up to 1 : 500 IHC: not tested yet IHC-P: 1 : 200
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 250 from rat Syntaxin12/13 (UniProt Id: G3V7P1)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (Q86Y82), rat (G3V7P1), mouse (Q9ER00), hamster, chicken. Other species not tested yet.
Matching control	110-13P

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Syntaxin 12/13 are orthologues of the same gene whose product is a member of the SNARE family of proteins. It is related to syntaxins 1-4 but is localized predominantly to early endosomes of a wide variety of cells. Syntaxin 12/13 appears to be involved in the recycling of membrane receptors such as the transferrin receptors where it mediates the fusion of endosomal membranes.

Selected References for 110 133

Proteomic analysis reveals the composition of glutamatergic organelles of auditory inner hair cell. Cepeda AP, Ninov M, Neef J, Parfentev I, Kusch K, Reisinger E, Jahn R, Moser T, Urlaub H Molecular & cellular proteomics : MCP (2023) : 100704. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Multispectral imaging reveals the tissue distribution of tetraspanins in human lymphoid organs. de Winde CM, Zuidscherwoude M, Vasaturo A, van der Schaaf A, Figdor CG, van Spriel AB Histochemistry and cell biology (2015) 1442: 133-46. . **ICC**

Transmembrane and ubiquitin-like domain-containing protein 1 (Tmub1/HOPS) facilitates surface expression of GluR2-containing AMPA receptors.

Yang H, Takagi H, Konishi Y, Ageta H, Ikegami K, Yao I, Sato S, Hatanaka K, Inokuchi K, Seog DH, Setou M, et al. PloS one (2008) 37: e2809. . **WB; tested species: mouse,rat**

Alzheimer's vulnerable brain region relies on a distinct retromer core dedicated to endosomal recycling. Simoes S, Guo J, Buitrago L, Qureshi YH, Feng X, Kothiya M, Cortes E, Patel V, Kannan S, Kim YH, Chang KT, et al. Cell reports (2021) 3713: 110182. . **ICC; tested species: mouse**

A trap mutant reveals the physiological client spectrum of TRC40. Coy-Vergara J, Rivera-Monroy J, Urlaub H, Lenz C, Schwappach B Journal of cell science (2019) 13213: . . **WB; tested species: human**

Degradation of dendritic cargos requires Rab7-dependent transport to somatic lysosomes. Yap CC, Digilio L, McMahon LP, Garcia ADR, Winckler B The Journal of cell biology (2018) : . . **WB; tested species: rat**

GRASP1 Regulates Synaptic Plasticity and Learning through Endosomal Recycling of AMPA Receptors. Chiu SL, Diering GH, Ye B, Takamiya K, Chen CM, Jiang Y, Niranjan T, Schwartz CE, Wang T, Huganir RL Neuron (2017) 936: 1405-1419.e8. . **WB; tested species: rat**

Selected General References

A SNARE complex mediating fusion of late endosomes defines conserved properties of SNARE structure and function. Antonin W et al. EMBO J. (2000) PubMed:11101518

Membrane fusion and exocytosis. Jahn R et al. Annu. Rev. Biochem. (1999) PubMed:10872468

Seven novel mammalian SNARE proteins localize to distinct membrane compartments. Advani RJ et al. J. Biol. Chem. (1998) PubMed:9553086

Syntaxin 13 mediates cycling of plasma membrane proteins via tubulovesicular recycling endosomes. Prekeris R et al. J. Cell Biol. (1998) PubMed:9817754

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <u>https://sysy.com/product/110133</u> or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

• All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized! Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 μl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera**: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our **tips and hints for subsequent storage** of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.