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Syntaxin7

Cat.No. 110 072; Polyclonal rabbit antibody, 200 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	200 μ l antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 200 μ l H ₂ O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1: 1000 up to 1: 5000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: 1: 100 up to 1: 500 IHC: yes IHC-P: 1: 200
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 236 from rat Syntaxin7 (UniProt Id: O70257)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (O15400), rat (O70257), mouse (O70439). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	K.D. validated PubMed: <u>17389686</u>
Matching control	110-7P

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Syntaxin 7, a member of the SNARE family of proteins, is related to syntaxins 1-4 but localized to endosomal membranes of a wide variety of cells.

Syntaxin 7 is involved in the fusion of late endosomes and lysosomes. In endosomal membranes, it forms complexes with endobrevin, syntaxin 8 and vti1b.

Selected References for 110 072

Composition of isolated synaptic boutons reveals the amounts of vesicle trafficking proteins.

Wilhelm BG, Mandad S, Truckenbrodt S, Kröhnert K, Schäfer C, Rammner B, Koo SJ, Claßen GA, Krauss M, Haucke V, Urlaub H, et al.

Science (New York, N.Y.) (2014) 3446187: 1023-8. . WB, ICC, IHC

Oxidized phagosomal NOX2 complex is replenished from lysosomes.

Dingjan I, Linders PT, van den Bekerom L, Baranov MV, Halder P, Ter Beest M, van den Bogaart G Journal of cell science (2017) 1307: 1285-1298. **WB, IP, ICC; KD verified; tested species: human**

Salmonella SipA mimics a cognate SNARE for host Syntaxin8 to promote fusion with early endosomes.

Singh PK, Kapoor A, Lomash RM, Kumar K, Kamerkar SC, Pucadyil TJ, Mukhopadhyay A

The Journal of cell biology (2018):.. WB, ICC; tested species: human

Proteomic analysis reveals the composition of glutamatergic organelles of auditory inner hair cell.

Cepeda AP, Ninov M, Neef J, Parfentev I, Kusch K, Reisinger E, Jahn R, Moser T, Urlaub H Molecular & cellular proteomics: MCP (2023): 100704. . IHC; tested species: mouse

Cardiac SNARE Expression in Health and Disease.

Bowman PRT, Smith GL, Gould GW

Frontiers in endocrinology (2019) 10: 881. . WB; tested species: mouse

SNARE protein expression and localization in human cytotoxic T lymphocytes.

Pattu V, Qu B, Schwarz EC, Strauss B, Weins L, Bhat SS, Halimani M, Marshall M, Rettig J, Hoth M

European journal of immunology (2012) 422: 470-5.. ICC

Expression and function of neuronal growth-associated proteins (nGAPs) in PC12 cells.

Lu J, Nozumi M, Takeuchi K, Abe H, Igarashi M Neuroscience research (2011) 701: 85-90. . **ICC**

A VAMP7/Vti1a SNARE complex distinguishes a non-conventional traffic route to the cell surface used by KChIP1 and Kv4 potassium channels.

Flowerdew SE, Burgoyne RD

The Biochemical journal (2009) 4183: 529-40.. ICC

Syntaxin 16 and syntaxin 5 are required for efficient retrograde transport of several exogenous and endogenous cargo proteins.

Amessou M, Fradagrada A, Falguières T, Lord JM, Smith DC, Roberts LM, Lamaze C, Johannes L Journal of cell science (2007) 120Pt 8: 1457-68. WB; KD verified; tested species: human

High-throughput identification of IMCD proteins using LC-MS/MS.

Pisitkun T, Bieniek J, Tchapyjnikov D, Wang G, Wu WW, Shen RF, Knepper MA

Physiological genomics (2006) 252: 263-76. . WB

Molecular anatomy of a trafficking organelle.

Takamori S, Holt M, Stenius K, Lemke EA, Grønborg M, Riedel D, Urlaub H, Schenck S, Brügger B, Ringler P, Müller SA, et al. Cell (2006) 1274: 831-46. . **WB**

Modification of host lipid raft proteome upon hepatitis C virus replication.

Mannová P, Fang R, Wang H, Deng B, McIntosh MW, Hanash SM, Beretta L

Molecular & cellular proteomics: MCP (2006) 512: 2319-25. . WB

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at https://sysy.com/product/110072 or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

 All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freezedried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- Unlabeled and biotin-labeled antibodies and control proteins should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!
 Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- Fluorescence-labeled antibodies should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle
 between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be
 avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that
 has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door
 shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl)
 and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock
 concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the
 storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of
 activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

• Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- Ascites and hybridoma supernatant should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended! Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- Crude antisera: With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- Affinity purified antibodies: Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is
 recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our
 antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed
 information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

• Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add
 the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are
 preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a
 stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies
 already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein.
 For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the
 solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled
 with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol to a final
 concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in
 liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freezethaw cycles.
- Please refer to our tips and hints for subsequent storage of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.