SYSY Antibodies

Rudolf-Wissell-Str. 28a
37079 Göttingen, Germany
Phone: +49 551-50556-0
Fax: +49 551-50556-384
E-mail: sales@sysy.com
Web: www.sysy.com

Rab5

Cat.No. 108 011; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 100 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µg purified IgG, lyophilized. Albumin and azide were added for stabilization. For **reconstitution** add 100 µl H_2O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C to -80°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	**WB**: 1 : 1000 up to 1 : 10000 (AP staining) **IP**: yes **ICC**: 1 : 100 up to 1 : 1000 (see remarks) **IHC**: not tested yet **IHC-P (FFPE)**: not tested yet
Clone	621.3
Subtype	IgG2a (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 215 from rat Rab5 (UniProt Id: O88565)
Reactivity	Reacts with: human (Q9UJ41), rat (M0RC99), mouse (Q9JM13), hamster. No signal: zebrafish. Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for rab 5 (probably only rab 5a). No cross-reactivity to other rab proteins.
Remarks	- Recommended for human samples. - This antibody was used very successfully for immunoisolation of early endosomes and for the differentiation of early endosomes from related trafficking organelles in neurons and nonneuronal cells. **ICC**: Methanol fixation is recommended. The following fixatives are not advised: 4% formaldehyde/PFA.

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Rab 5 is a member of the Rab protein family that belongs to the ras-related superfamily of small monomeric GTPases. Rab 5 is ubiquitously expressed in all tissues where it functions in the fusion of early endosomes which is the first fusion step of endocytic organelles after their formation and detachment from the plasma membrane. It is presently the best marker with selectivity for this compartment.

Selected References for 108 011

Quantitative analysis of synaptic vesicle Rabs uncovers distinct yet overlapping roles for Rab3a and Rab27b in Ca2+-triggered exocytosis.
Pavlos NJ, Grønborg M, Riedel D, Chua JJ, Boyken J, Kloepper TH, Urlaub H, Rizzoli SO, Jahn R
The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2010) 3040: 13441-53. . **WB, ICC**

The amyloid precursor protein is a conserved Wnt receptor.
Liu T, Zhang T, Nicolas M, Boussicault L, Rice H, Soldano A, Claeys A, Petrova I, Fradkin L, De Strooper B, Potier MC, et al.
eLife (2021) 10: . . **WB, ICC; tested species: mouse**

Critical role for piccolo in synaptic vesicle retrieval.
Ackermann F, Schink KO, Bruns C, Izsvák Z, Hamra FK, Rosenmund C, Garner CC
eLife (2019) 8: . . **WB, ICC; tested species: rat**

Neuronal lysosomal dysfunction releases exosomes harboring APP C-terminal fragments and unique lipid signatures.
Miranda AM, Lasiecka ZM, Xu Y, Neufeld J, Shahriar S, Simoes S, Chan RB, Oliveira TG, Small SA, Di Paolo G
Nature communications (2018) 91: 291. . **WB, ICC; tested species: mouse**

Dendritic Cell-Secreted Cytotoxic T-Lymphocyte-Associated Protein-4 Regulates the T-cell Response by Downmodulating Bystander Surface B7.
Halpert MM, Konduri V, Liang D, Chen Y, Wing JB, Paust S, Levitt JM, Decker WK
Stem cells and development (2016) 2510: 774-87. . **WB, ICC; tested species: mouse**

The serine/threonine kinase Ndr2 controls integrin trafficking and integrin-dependent neurite growth.
Rehberg K, Kliche S, Madencioglu DA, Thiere M, Müller B, Meineke BM, Freund C, Budinger E, Stork O
The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2014) 3415: 5342-54. . **WB, ICC**

Rab5 and Rab7 control endocytic sorting along the axonal retrograde transport pathway.
Deinhardt K, Salinas S, Verastegui C, Watson R, Worth D, Hanrahan S, Bucci C, Schiavo G
Neuron (2006) 522: 293-305. . **ICC, WB**

Sunday driver interacts with two distinct classes of axonal organelles.
Abe N, Almenar-Queralt A, Lillo C, Shen Z, Lozach J, Briggs SP, Williams DS, Goldstein LS, Cavalli V
The Journal of biological chemistry (2009) 28450: 34628-39. . **IP**

Sugar transporter Slc37a2 regulates bone metabolism in mice via a tubular lysosomal network in osteoclasts.
Ng PY, Ribet ABP, Guo Q, Mullin BH, Tan JWY, Landao-Bassonga E, Stephens S, Chen K, Yuan J, Abudulai L, Bollen M, et al.
Nature communications (2023) 141: 906. . **WB; tested species: mouse**

Depletion of the AD Risk Gene SORL1 Selectively Impairs Neuronal Endosomal Traffic Independent of Amyloidogenic APP Processing.
Knupp A, Mishra S, Martinez R, Braggin JE, Szabo M, Kinoshita C, Hailey DW, Small SA, Jayadev S, Young JE
Cell reports (2020) 319: 107719. . **ICC; tested species: human**

CtBP1-Mediated Membrane Fission Contributes to Effective Recycling of Synaptic Vesicles.
Ivanova D, Imig C, Camacho M, Reinhold A, Guhathakurta D, Montenegro-Venegas C, Cousin MA, Gundelfinger ED, Rosenmund C, Cooper B, Fejtova A, et al.
Cell reports (2020) 307: 2444-2459.e7. . **ICC; tested species: mouse**

MHC class I and II peptide homology regulates the cellular immune response.
Halpert MM, Konduri V, Liang D, Vazquez-Perez J, Hofferek CJ, Weldon SA, Baig Y, Vedula I, Levitt JM, Decker WK
FASEB journal : official publication of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology (2020) : . . **ICC; tested species: mouse**

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at https://sysy.com/product/108011 or scan the QR-code.

FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

- All SYSY antibodies and control proteins/peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried). In this form, they remain stable without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at **4°C** before reconstitution. **Do not freeze lyophilized antibodies**. Temperatures below 0°C may impair performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long-term storage of lyophilized fluorophore-conjugates may cause aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be stored at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- **Do not use frost-free ("no-frost") freezers.** These units periodically warm to remove ice buildup, causing freeze–thaw cycles that can damage antibodies.
- Store vials in areas with minimal temperature fluctuation - preferably toward the back of the freezer, not on the door.
- Aliquot reconstituted antibodies and store at –20°C to –80°C.
- Avoid very small aliquots (<20 µL), as evaporation and adsorption to tube surfaces can reduce antibody concentration and activity.
- Use the smallest practical storage vial to minimize surface area.
- Adding glycerol to a final concentration of 50% prevents freezing at -20°C, allowing storage in liquid form and effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C

Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites and hybridoma supernatant:** Store at -20°C to -80°C
  Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended, as proteases present in ascites may degrade antibodies.
- **Purified IgG:** Store at -20°C to -80°C
  Adding a carrier protein (e.g., BSA) enhances long-term stability.
  Many SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** Can be stored at 4°C with antimicrobials added, but -20°C to -80°C is preferred
- **Affinity-purified antibodies:** Less stable than antisera; store at -20°C to -80°C
  Adding a carrier protein such as BSA improves long-term stability.
  Most SYSY antibodies already contain carrier proteins - refer to the respective datasheet for details.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1:1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C, and protect from light exposure

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All purified SYSY antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the volume of deionized water specified in the corresponding datasheet. If a larger final volume is desired, first add the recommended amount of water, then adjust with PBS and, if needed, add a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g., BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some SYSY antibodies already contain albumin; please take this into account before adding additional carrier protein.

For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the vial cap. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. To collect the liquid at the bottom of the vial, place the vial inside a 50 ml centrifuge tube padded with paper and centrifuge briefly.

- If desired, small amounts of azide or thimerosal may be added to prevent microbial growth. This is particularly recommended when storing an aliquot at 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add glycerol 1:1 (v/v) to achieve a final concentration of 50%. This prevents freezing at –20°C and keeps the antibody in liquid form, effectively avoiding freeze–thaw cycles.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies as a general measure to prevent freeze–thaw damage.
- For further guidance, please refer to our **storage tips** and recommendations for reconstituted antibodies, control peptides, and control proteins.