

Ankyrin G

Cat.No. 386 004; Polyclonal Guinea pig antibody, 100 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µl antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 100 µl H ₂ O, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use. Antibodies should be stored at +4°C when still lyophilized. Do not freeze! For detailed information, see back of the data sheet.
Applications	WB: 1 : 1000 up to 1 : 5000 (AP staining) IP: not tested yet ICC: 1 : 500 up to 1 : 1000 IHC: 1 : 500 IHC_P: 1 : 500
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1784 to 1961 from mouse AnkyrinG (UniProt Id: G5E8K5-1)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (O70511-1), mouse (G5E8K5-1). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for Ankyrin G; detects all described splice variants. K.D. PubMed: 31727776

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY
NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Background

Ankyrin G is a membrane-cytoskeleton linker. It may participate in the targeting and clustering of ion channels and cell adhesion molecules at the nodes of Ranvier and axonal initial segments (AIS).

Selected References for 386 004

- Immunoproximity biotinylation reveals the axon initial segment proteome.
Zhang W, Fu Y, Peng L, Ogawa Y, Ding X, Rasband A, Zhou X, Shelly M, Rasband MN, Zou P
Nature communications (2023) 141: 8201. . **ICC, IHC; tested species: rat**
- The awakening of dormant neuronal precursors in the adult and aged brain.
Benedetti B, Reisinger M, Hochwartner M, Gabriele G, Jakubecova D, Benedetti A, Bonfanti L, Couillard-Despres S
Aging cell (2023) : e13974. . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- Disruption of tubulin-alpha4a polyglutamylation prevents aggregation of hyper-phosphorylated tau and microglia activation in mice.
Hausrat TJ, Janiesch PC, Breiden P, Lutz D, Hoffmeister-Ullerich S, Hermans-Borgmeyer I, Failla AV, Kneussel M
Nature communications (2022) 131: 4192. . **ICC; tested species: mouse**
- Chronic partial TrkB activation reduces seizures and mortality in a mouse model of Dravet syndrome.
Gu F, Parada I, Yang T, Longo FM, Prince DA
Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2022) 1197: . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- Aging-Associated Changes in Cognition, Expression and Epigenetic Regulation of Chondroitin 6-Sulfotransferase Chst3.
Baidoe-Ansah D, Sakib S, Jia S, Mirzapourdelavar H, Strackeljan L, Fischer A, Aleshin S, Kaushik R, Dityatev A
Cells (2022) 1113: . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**
- The amyloid precursor protein is a conserved Wnt receptor.
Liu T, Zhang T, Nicolas M, Boussicault L, Rice H, Soldano A, Claeys A, Petrova I, Fradkin L, De Strooper B, Potier MC, et al.
eLife (2021) 10: . . **ICC; tested species: mouse**
- Morphological properties of the axon initial segment-like process of All amacrine cells in the rat retina.
Liu JH, Singh JB, Veruki ML, Hartveit E
The Journal of comparative neurology (2021) 52916: 3593-3620. . **IHC; tested species: rat**
- NuMA1 promotes axon initial segment assembly through inhibition of endocytosis.
Torii T, Ogawa Y, Liu CH, Ho TS, Hamdan H, Wang CC, Oses-Prieto JA, Burlingame AL, Rasband MN
The Journal of cell biology (2020) 2192: . . **ICC; KD verified; tested species: mouse**
- TRIM46 organizes microtubule fasciculation in the axon initial segment.
Harterink M, Vocking K, Pan X, Soriano Jerez EM, Slenders L, Fréal A, Tas RP, van de Wetering WJ, Timmer K, Motshagen J, van Beuningen SFB, et al.
The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2019) : . . **ICC; tested species: rat**
- Granule Cell Ensembles in Mouse Dentate Gyrus Rapidly Upregulate the Plasticity-Related Protein Synaptopodin after Exploration Behavior.
Paul MH, Choi M, Schlaudraff J, Deller T, Del Turco D
Cerebral cortex (New York, N.Y.: 1991) (2019) : . . **IHC; tested species: mouse**

Selected General References

- Structural basis for the membrane association of ankyrinG via palmitoylation.
Fujiwara Y, Kondo HX, Shirota M, Kobayashi M, Takeshita K, Nakagawa A, Okamura Y, Kinoshita K
Scientific reports (2016) 6: 23981. .
- betaIV spectrin is recruited to axon initial segments and nodes of Ranvier by ankyrinG.
Yang Y, Ogawa Y, Hedstrom KL, Rasband MN
The Journal of cell biology (2007) 1764: 509-19. .

Access the online factsheet including applicable protocols at <https://sysy.com/product/386004> or scan the QR-code.



FAQ - How should I store my antibody?

Shipping Conditions

- All our antibodies and control proteins / peptides are shipped lyophilized (vacuum freeze-dried) and are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks.

Storage of Sealed Vials after Delivery

- **Unlabeled** and **biotin-labeled antibodies** and **control proteins** should be stored at 4°C before reconstitution. **They must not be stored in the freezer when still lyophilized!** Temperatures below zero may cause loss of performance.
- **Fluorescence-labeled antibodies** should be reconstituted immediately upon receipt. Long term storage (several months) may lead to aggregation.
- **Control peptides** should be kept at -20°C before reconstitution.

Long Term Storage after Reconstitution (General Considerations)

- The storage freezer must not be of the frost-free variety ("no-frost freezer"). This cycle between freezing and thawing (to reduce frost-build-up), which is exactly what should be avoided. For the same reason, antibody vials should be placed in an area of the freezer that has minimal temperature fluctuations, for instance towards the back rather than on a door shelf.
- Aliquot the antibody and store frozen (-20°C to -80°C). Avoid very small aliquots (below 20 µl) and use the smallest storage vial or tube possible. The smaller the aliquot, the more the stock concentration is affected by evaporation and adsorption of the antibody to the surface of the storage vial or tube. Adsorption of the antibody to the surface leads to a substantial loss of activity.
- The addition of glycerol to a final concentration of 50% lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody at -20°C in liquid state. This efficiently avoids freeze and thaw cycles.

Product Specific Hints for Storage

Control proteins / peptides

- Store at -20°C to -80°C.

Monoclonal Antibodies

- **Ascites** and **hybridoma supernatant** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. **Prolonged storage at 4°C is not recommended!** Unlike serum, ascites may contain proteases that will degrade the antibodies.
- **Purified IgG** should be stored at -20°C up to -80°C. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Many of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Polyclonal Antibodies

- **Crude antisera:** With anti-microbials added, they may be stored at 4°C. However, frozen storage (-20°C up to -80°C) is preferable.
- **Affinity purified antibodies:** Less robust than antisera. Storage at -20°C up to -80°C is recommended. Adding a carrier protein like BSA will increase long term stability. Most of our antibodies already contain carrier proteins. Please refer to the data-sheet for detailed information.

Fluorescence-labeled Antibodies

- Store as a liquid with 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol at -20°C. Protect these antibodies from light exposure.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles for all antibodies!

FAQ - How should I reconstitute my antibody?

Reconstitution

- All our purified antibodies are lyophilized from PBS. To reconstitute the antibody in PBS, add the amount of deionized water given in the respective datasheet. If higher volumes are preferred, add water as mentioned above and then the desired amount of PBS and a stabilizing carrier protein (e.g. BSA) to a final concentration of 2%. Some of our antibodies already contain albumin. Take this into account when adding more carrier protein. For complete reconstitution, carefully remove the lid. After adding water, briefly vortex the solution. You can spin down the liquid by placing the vial into a 50 ml centrifugation tube filled with paper.
- If desired, add small amounts of azide or thimerosal to prevent microbial growth. This is especially recommended if you want to keep an aliquot a 4°C.
- After reconstitution of fluorescence-labeled antibodies, add 1 : 1 (v/v) glycerol to a final concentration of 50%. This lowers the freezing point of your stock and keeps your antibody in liquid state at -20°C.
- Glycerol may also be added to unlabeled primary antibodies. It is a suitable way to avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
- Please refer to our **tips and hints for subsequent storage** of reconstituted antibodies and control peptides and proteins.